C.C1 working group
Network for astronomy school education - NASE

Report for the period from August 2015 to November 2016

Rosa M. Ros and Beatriz García
NASE President and Vice-president

During this period NASE organized:

1) 25 courses
   69th Honolulu (USA) – August 2015
   70th Tegucigalpa (Honduras)– August 2015
   71st Bogotá (Colombia) – October 2015
   72nd Bucaramanga (Colombia) – October 2015
   73rd Salta (Argentina) – November 2015
   74th Concordia (Argentina) – November 2015
   75th Rosario (Uruguay) – December 2015
   76th Tegucigalpa (Honduras) – February 2016
   77th Macas (Ecuador) – April 2016
   78th San Luis Potosí (México) - May 2016
   79th Matehuala (México) - June 2016
   80th Guatemala (Guatemala) - June 2016
   81st Managua (Nicaragua) - July 2016
   82nd Malang (Indonesia) - July 2016
   83rd Pamplona (Spain) - July 2016
   84th Mendoza (Argentina) – August 2016
   85th Villarubia (Paraguay) – August 2016
   86th Tegucigalpa (Honduras) – August 2016
   87th Cluj (Romania) – September 2016
   88th Jujuy (Argentina) – September 2016
   89th Concordia (Argentina) – September 2016
   90th Habana (Cuba) - September 2016
   91st Bogota (Colombia) – October 2016
   92nd Medellin (Colombia) – October 2016
   93rd San Luis Potosi (Mexico) – October 2016

2) The first seminar in the Bogota Planetarium on NASE Practical Astronomy Education involving coordinators of Central and South American countries (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Spain and Uruguay).

3) NASE has got certification IRAM-ISO 29990-2013 standards in Argentina, which means about ‘Learning services for non-formal education and training’ and basic requirements for learning service providers (LSP), in order to achieve compliance with certain goals and achieve concrete results that comply with an applicable standard worldwide. This certification is necessary to get for each country. In this way Argentina is opening a way for the establishment of certification in other countries, although NASE does not make this
documentation for all 21 member countries, because of the financial investment that this would represent. All countries that are part of NASE are governed by the same dynamics and structures but to certify the quality standards the president of NASE has decided to certify first in the country where the program NASE is more widespread and where they have developed more courses, which is in Argentina. In spite of that, the documentation can be very easily extended to other countries after changing a few specific details.

Rosa Ros & Beatriz García
16 November 2016