## Working Group for Planetary System Nomenclature (WGPSN)

### Triennial Report (2021-2024)

CHAIR Rita Schulz

MEMBERS George A. Burba

Guy Consolmagno Rosaly Lopes Philippe Masson James A. Skinner, Jr. Gareth V. Williams Charles Wood Ruth Ziethe

WGPSN Membership Changes: William Sheehan (U.S.A.) resigned on 2 June 2022. Ruth Ziethe (Switzerland) joined on 18 July 2022 and James A. Skinner, Jr. (U.S.A.) on 17 October 2022.

During the 2021-2024 triennium the following actions have been taken:

• From 17 March 2021 to 27 March 2024, 237 new names have been assigned for planetary surface features (Arrokoth: 5; Didymos: 2; Dimorphos: 11; Europa: 8; Io: 21; Mars: 89; Mercury: 35; Moon: 26; Pluto: 17; Rhea: 1; Titan: 12; Venus: 10). See full list after bulleted section.

- Arrokoth:
  - Names for the two lobes of Arrokoth were approved: Weeyo (smaller lobe) and Wenu (larger lobe), and the descriptor term "lobus" was approved for these features.
- The descriptor term "Statio" (Spacecraft landing site) was approved.
- Saturn:
  - o 13 names were approved for moons of Saturn:
    - Gridr (Saturn LIV)
    - Angrboda (Saturn LV)
    - Skrymir (Saturn LVI)
    - Gerd (Saturn LVII)
    - Eggther (Saturn LIX)
    - Beli (Saturn LXI)
    - Gunnlod (Saturn LXII)
    - Thiazzi (Saturn LXIII)
    - Alvaldi (Saturn LXV)
    - Geirrod (Saturn LXVI)

- A brightness limit was implemented for naming Jovian and Saturnian satellites. Rule 14 now reads:
  - While there should be no size limit below which a Jovian or Saturnian satellite must not be named, a Jovian or Saturnian satellite with an absolute magnitude H\_V fainter than 16.5 should only be named if it is of special scientific interest.
- A theme was approved for main belt asteroid (152830) Dinkinesh: "Words for 'wonderful', 'marvelous', or 'beautiful' in the languages of the world. Note: For those languages where such words have separate spellings for the different grammatical genders, the feminine form is used to fit the feminine name of the asteroid, Dinkinesh, which defines the theme. This name means "You are wonderful/marvelous" in Amharic as the local name for Lucy, fossil remains of the female hominid discovered in Ethiopia in 1974."
- A Statement on Lunar Basins Naming Conventions and FAQ were added to the Gazetteer website:
  - O Statement: The IAU WGPSN does not give official names to large structural or impact basins that are defined primarily by geophysical data rather than morphology and topography (as impact craters are). Informal names for lunar basins have been in use for decades and are widespread throughout the planetary science literature and planetary geologic maps. It would cause intense and unnecessary confusion to change those names since they appear in thousands of published papers and hundreds of maps. Informal basin names will not be changed to official names. The IAU WGPSN recommends that the existing informal lunar basin naming conventions be followed: 1) basins filled with maria are named for the mare they contain (Nectaris basin/Mare Nectaris, Imbrium basin/Mare Imbrium) 2) basins that were previously recognized as impact craters should bear the crater name (Grimaldi basin, Birkhoff basin) 3) basins located between formally named craters should bear the names of the two craters with a hyphen in between (Dirichlet-Jackson basin, Coulomb-Sarton basin).
  - FAQ: Q: Can I submit a proposal to give an official name to a lunar basin? A: No. The IAU WGPSN does not give official names to large structural or impact basins that are defined primarily by geophysical data rather than morphology and topography (as impact craters are). See Lunar Basins Naming Conventions for more information.

<u>List of 237 feature names approved by the IAU Working Group for Planetary System Nomenclature between the 2021 Triennial Report to the IAU GA (17 March 2021) and 27 March 2024.</u>

#### Mercury (35)

Craters (6)

Lorde

Audre (born Audrey Geraldine), also called Gamba Adisa or Rey Domini, American poet and writer of Caribbean heritage (1934-1992).

MacNicol Bessie; Scottish painter (1869-1904).

Manley Edna; Jamaican sculptor, painter, and printmaker (1900-1987).

Morrison Toni; American author (1931-2019).

Nairne Carolina; Scottish songwriter (1766-1845).

Veronese Paolo; Italian Renaissance painter (1528-1588).

Faculae (3)

Ahas Facula Filipino/Tagalog word for snake.

Madu Facula Estonian word for snake.

Ngu Facula Lao word for snake.

Rupēs (26)

Acadia Rupes Canadian; hydrographic survey and oceanographic research vessel (1913- 1969),

used to chart the coastline of Eastern Canada, performed tidal and depth charting.

Aegaeo Rupes Greek; research vessel that performs geophysical, geological, and hydrographic

surveys in the Mediterranean Sea since 1985.

Akademik Rupes Bulgarian; a research vessel for geological, biological, chemical, physical, and

ecological investigations in the Black Sea since 1979.

Altair Rupes Mexican; oceanographic vessel used for academic and federal research in the

Pacific (2000s).

Antares Rupes Mexican; an oceanographic research vessel for hydrography, meteorology, and

oceanography studies (since 1968).

Arquipelago Rupēs Origin: Portuguese; a coastal research vessel which has been used in research

programs in the Northeast Atlantic (Azores, Madeira) up to 30°N (2010s).

Astrea Rupes Italian; multi-purpose research vessel used in particular for investigations in

fisheries, aquaculture, oceanography within the Mediterranean Sea since 2003.

Baltica Rupes Polish; a research vessel that performs oceanographic, biological and fishing

research in the Baltic Sea since 1993.

Carrasco Rupēs Peruvian; a multidisciplinary oceanographic research vessel operated by the

Peruvian Navy.

Challenger Rupes British; survey ship used to undertake the first global marine research expedition,

the Challenger Expedition (1872-1876), which laid the foundation for the science of

oceanography.

Darshak Rupēs Indian; a hydrographic survey vessel that carries out hydrographic, geophysical, and

oceanographic surveys in the Indian Ocean since 2001; has been used to investigate historically significant shipwrecks and the submerged remains of the lost city of

Poompuhar.

Endurance Rupes British; a three-masted barquentine lead by Ernest Shackleton on the Imperial

Trans-Antarctic Expedition (1914-1917).

Hesperides Rupes Spanish; a global research vessel, used since 1991 for studies of geology,

geophysics, hydrography, physical and chemical oceanography, marine biology as

well as for logistical support to the Spanish Antarctic bases.

Italica Rupes Italian; general cargo and oceanographic research vessel used to study the Ross Sea

continental shelf in Antarctica and as logistical support for Italian Antarctic

exploration since 1990.

Lance Rupes Norwegian; a research vessel that has operated primarily in the Arctic since 1992

for various research purposes, in particular marine biology and oceanography; was

used for Mars rover simulations on Svalbard in 2009.

Legend Rupes Taiwanese; a research vessel used since 2018 for oceanographic observations,

seafloor topographic mapping, seismic survey and sediment coring in the Pacific

Ocean area adjacent to East Asia.

Pelagia Rupes Dutch; a research and survey vessel that has performed hydrographic and

oceanographic surveys and sediment sampling since 1990 in the Atlantic (North

Sea, Caribbean Sea), Indian, and Pacific Oceans.

Protea Rupes South African; research vessel that performed hydrographic surveys (1922-1933).

Providencia Rupes Colombian; a research vessel used for biological, meteorological, chemistry,

physics, geology, and oceanographic studies in the Caribbean Sea and Pacific

Ocean since 1981.

Selen Rupēs Turkish; research vessel used mainly in Sea of Marmara since 2010 for high

resolution geophysical exploration in shallow waters.

Tangaroa Rupes New Zealand; a research vessel and icebreaker that performs marine environmental

monitoring, ocean science studies and exploration and engineering activities

(2000s).

Vejas Rupes Lithuanian; research vessel deployed in the Baltic Sea during 1992-2010 to study

the seasonal dynamics of phytoplankton communities and their development.

Volasiga Rupes Fiji; research vessel to conduct a hydrographic survey, tides and currents

observation, and other surveys in Fiji waters since 2019.

Xuelong Rupes Chinese; a polar research vessel used for Arctic and Antarctic expeditions in the

2010s.

Yelcho Rupes Chilean; a steam-powered cutter that rescued the crew of the Endurance in the

Antarctic in 1916.

Zapiola Rupes Argentinian; ship involved in oceanographic surveys in Southwestern Atlantic;

performed 10 oceanographic cruises (1962-1976).

## **Venus (10)**

Fluctūs (3)

Nyakaya Fluctus Shilluk (Sudan) crocodile goddess, wife of the high god Okwe.

Robigo Fluctus Roman agriculture goddess.

Saosis Fluctus Egyptian goddess in the form of acacia tree, considered as female sun, counterpart

to the sun god Atum.

Montes (2)

Arasy Mons Guarani (Paraguay) moon goddess.

Firtos Mons Hungarian diminished goddess, queen of the good fairies.

Tholi (5)

Ignirtoq Tholi\* Inuit lightning goddess (in some myths – god of light and truth).

Ismo Tholi Finnish wind goddess.

Oxomoco Tholus Aztec moon and night goddess.
Pakhet Tholus Egyptian lioness goddess.

Zana Tholus Albanian female deity of mountains, streams, springs, forests, similar to Roman

Diana.

<sup>\*</sup>Ignirtoq Tholi includes the three domes previously named Raskova Paterae; Raskova Paterae now refers exclusively to the irregular craters at the top of the 'twin' tholi (SW domes) of Ignirtoq Tholi.

### **Moon (26)**

Craters (18)

Bandfield Joshua; American planetary scientist (1974-2019).

Brill Yvonne; Canadian-American rocket scientist (1924-2013).

Burbidge E. Margaret; British-American observational astronomer and astrophysicist

(1919-2020).

Dawa Tibetan male first name.

Floss Christine; American cosmochemist (1961-2018). Henson Matthew; American polar explorer (1866-1955).

Jaci Tupi first name.

Liu Hui Chinese mathematician during Wei kingdom (about 225-295).

Marvin Ursula; American planetary geologist (1921-2018).

Masina Samoan female first name.

Mirzakhani Maryam; Iranian-American mathematician, first female winner of the Fields

Medal (1977-2017).

Pei Xiu Chinese geographer, cartographer during Jin dynasty (224-271).

Rubin Vera; American astronomer (1928-2016).

Shen Kuo Chinese astronomer, mathematician during the Song Dynasty (1031-1095). Song Yingxing Chinese scientist and encyclopedist during the late Ming Dynasty (1587–

1666).

Spudis Paul D.; American planetary geologist (1952-2018). Stose Anna Isabel Jonas; American geologist (1881-1974).

Xu Guangqi Chinese agronomist, astronomer, mathematician during the Ming dynasty

(1562-1633).

Statio (2)

Statio Shiv Shakti Compound word from Indian mythology that depicts the masculine ("Shiva")

and feminine ("Shakti") duality of nature; Landing site of Chandrayaan-3's

Vikram lander.

Statio Tianchuan Chinese constellation name, which means ship sailing in the Milky Way;

Chang'e 5 landing site.

Montes (4)

Mons Heng Named from terrestrial Mount Heng, in Hunan, China.

Mons Hua Named from terrestrial Mount Hua, in Shaanxi, China.

Mons Latreille Pierre André; French entomologist (1762-1833).

Mons Mouton Melba Roy; American mathematician (1929-1990).

Rimae (1)

Rima Louville Jacques D'Allonville, Chevalier de Louville; French astronomer,

mathematician (1671-1732).

Sinūs (1)

Sinus Viscositatis "Bay of Stickiness"

# Mars (89)

Cavi (1)

Deuteronilus Cavus Named from albedo feature at 35N, 355W.

Craters (74)

Aarna Village in Rajasthan, India. Abu Village in Rajasthan, India.

Amed Village in Indonesia.

Arvi Town in India.
Bari Town in India.
Berrocal Village in Spain.
Bohar Village in India.

Chakpar Village in Bihar, India.

Cuparaque Town in Brazil.

Daiyang Village in Shouning County, Ningde City, Fujian Province, China.

Dampier Town in Australia. Druzhba Village in Ukraine.

Elston Wolfgang; American volcanologist and planetary geologist (1928-2016).

Elva Town in Estonia.

Enns Town in Austria.

Gebog Town in Indonesia.

Güimar Town in Canary Islands.

Gujiang Town in China. Gutian Town in China. Town in China. Huxiang Town in India. Jintur Town in Canada. Kahnawake Kai Town in Japan. Karratha Town in Australia. Khujirt Town in Mongolia. Kirinda Village in Sri Lanka. Kozova Town in Ukraine.

Kyara Village in Rajasthan, India.

Kyela Town in Tanzania.Leoben Town in Austria.Límni Town in Greece.Longboh Town in Indonesia.

Longwood Village in Saint Helena Island.

Lukeqin Town in China.
Luwuk Town in Indonesia.
Maji Town in China.

Margulis Lynn; evolutionary biologist (1938-2011).

Marsabit Town in Kenya.

Mastung Town in Pakistan.

Maur Town in India.

Mikumi Town in Tanzania.

Mirissa Town in Sri Lanka.

Mohe Town in China.

Village in Indonesia.

Otepa Village in Hao atoll, Tuamotu Archipelago, French Polynesia.

Picardi Giovanni; Italian radar scientist who developed the MARSIS radar instrument

onboard the Mars Express orbiter (1936-2015).

Pingle Town in China.
Piscinas Town in Italy.

Pohl Frederik George; American science fiction writer (1919-2013).

Poso Town in Indonesia.

Qidu Town in China (Jiangsu Province).

Ramanathan Kalpathy Ramakrishna; Indian physicist and meteorologist (1893-1984).

Roemer Elizabeth "Pat"; astronomer (1929-2016).

Roman Nancy Grace; American astronomer (1925-2018).

Ruwais Town in United Arab Emirates.

Sasakan Village in Indonesia.
Satkania Town in Bangladesh.
Steyr Town in Austria.
Tairua Town in New Zealand.

Tangtse Village in India.

Tarime Town in Tanzania.

Teknaf Town in Bangladesh.

Tianzhushan Town in China.

Varahamihira Indian mathematician and astronomer (505-587).

Wenjiashi Town in China.

Wukan Village in Lufeng City, Guangdong Province, China.

Wuxing Town in China. Xibaipo Town in China.

Yaiza Town in Canary Islands.

Yangliuqing Town in China. Yaodian Town in China. Zhengji Town in China. Zhouzhuang Town in China.

Zhufan Village in Donghai County, Lianyungang City, Jiangsu Province, China.

Dorsa (3)

Arago Dorsa Named for nearby Arago crater; Dominique F.; French astronomer (1786-

1853).

Cantabras Dorsum From nearby albedo feature Cantabras, at 10N, 5W.

Oxia Dorsum Named for classical albedo feature name at 25N, 24W.

Fossae (2)

Qidu Fossae Named for nearby crater, Qidu. Yaodian Fossae Named for nearby crater, Yaodian.

Mensae (1)

Wenjiashi Mensa Named for nearby crater, Wenjiashi.

Montes (1)

Jezero Mons Named for nearby crater, Jezero.

Rupēs (1)

Nord Rupes Nord Rupes

Serpentes (2)

Cantabras Serpens From nearby albedo feature Cantabras, at 10N, 5W.

Piscinas Serpentes Named for nearby Piscinas crater.

Tholi (3)

Mohe Tholi
Wenjiashi Tholi
Yaodian Tholus
Named for nearby crater, Wenjiashi.
Named for nearby crater, Yaodian.

Valles (1)

Nen Valles Modern river in Heilongjiang Province, China.

## Small Bodies (18)

### Arrokoth (5)

Arcūs (1)

Ka'an Arcus Word for 'sky' in Yucatec Maya.

Craters (1)

Sky Word for 'sky' in the English language.

Lineae (1)

Akasa Linea Word for 'sky' in Bengali (Bangla) and related languages.

Lobus (2)

Weeyo Word for 'sky' in the Pulaar language of western Africa.

Wenu Word for "sky" in the Mapuche language.

### Didymos (2)

Saxa (2)

Carillon Saxum Belgium, Netherlands, France; a percussion instrument of at least 23 cast

bronze bells in fixed suspension.

Gong Saxum Indonesian name of a percussion musical instrument popular in East and South

East Asia, a circular metal disk with a definite or indefinite pitch, which is hung vertically and hit in the center by a soft beater; originated in Ancient

China.

## Dimorphos (11)

Craters (6)

Bala West African gourd-resonated xylophone (Guinea, Senegal, Mali).
Bongo Afro-Cuban; a pair of open bottomed drums played with both hands.

Marimba Percussion musical instrument popular in Guatemala and other Central and

NW South American countries; wooden bars with pipe or gourd resonators, struck by yarn wrapped or rubber mallets. Originally developed in Africa. Marimba was proclaimed the national instrument of Guatemala in its

independence proclamation.

Msondo Tanzania; tall cylindrically shaped drum for important rituals, which "drives"

the dance.

Naqqara Drum of the Near and Middle East (Iraq, Iran, Turkey), and India; pair of clay

or metal kettle drums of various sizes played with curved beaters.

Tamboril Uruguay; barrel-shaped drum used to play the Candombe music, a style

created by African slaves.

Saxa (5)

Atabaque Saxum Afro-Brazilian one-headed barrel-shaped drum.

Bodhran Saxum An Irish frame drum with a single membrane.

Caccavella Saxum Italian friction drum.

Dhol Saxum Indian double-headed string-tensioned conical drum.

Pūniu Saxum Hawaiian small drum with a coconut body and a single sharkskin or fishskin

head laced to the bottom.

#### **Jupiter System (29)**

# Europa (8)

Chaoses (4)

Dinrigh Chaos In Celtic mythology, the location where Maon slew Covac.

Goirias Chaos In Celtic mythology, one of the four cities of the Tuatha Dé Danann (Dana)

people.

Leix Chaos In Celtic mythology, the city to which Maeldūn voyaged to avenge his father,

Ailill Edge-of-Battle.

Rathcroghan Chaos In Celtic mythology, the seat or palace of Maev, warrior queen.

Lineae (4)

Acacallis Linea Granddaughter of Europa and sibling of Phaedra and Katreus.

Ancaeus Linea The nephew of Europa, in Greek mythology.

Arachne Linea Daughter of Idmon of Colophon in Greek mythology, who challenged the

goddess Athena in a weaving contest.

Pasiphae Linea Daughter-in-law of Europa, wife of King Minos (Europa's son by Zeus),

mother of the Minotaur.

Io (21)

Eruptive center (2)

Tonatiuh Aztec sun god.

Xihe Chinese sun goddess, ";Mother of the Ten Suns.";

Fluctūs (4)

Mixcoatl Fluctus Aztec cloud-serpent, a storm god who uses lightning arrows as his weapon.

Pillan Fluctus Araucanian (Chile/Argentina) thunder, fire, and volcano god.

Quzah Fluctūs Ancient Arabian god of thunder. Upulevo Fluctus Timor Island (Indonesia) sun god.

Paterae (15)

Asis Patera Nandi (Kenya) supreme god, personified by the Sun.

Gauwa Patera !Kung (people of Sao/Bushmen group in Angola, Namibia, and Botswana)

western sky sun god.

Gurzil Patera Huwwara (Berbers of Libya) sun god.

Kanlaon Patera Visayan (Philippines) supreme god that resides on the Kanlaon/Malaspina

Volcano of Negros island.

Kotar Patera Old Syrian blacksmith god.
Mandulis Patera Nubian (Sudan/Egypt) sun god.

Odgan Patera Mongolian fire-spirit.

Olafat Patera Caroline Islands (Micronesia) fire-bringing demigod, the great trickster,

similar to Polynesian Maui.

Pajonn Patera Lapp/Sami god of thunder.

Shurdi Patera Illyrian (modern-day Albania, Croatia, etc.) storm god who sends thunder and

lightning.

Tabiti Patera Scythian goddess of fire.

Tiwaz Patera Luvian (ancient people in Anatolia, present-day Turkey) sun god.

Verbti Patera Albanian god of fire.

Wanajo Patera Louisiade Archipelago (Papua New Guinea) cultural hero, lit the first fire and

scattered its ashes across the heavens to form clouds.

Yeloje Patera Yukaghir (NE Siberia, Asiatic Russia) sun god.

#### Saturn System (13)

## **Titan (12)**

Craters (1)

Tahitian goddess of wisdom, worshipped by the learned.

Faculae (1)

Tasmania Facula Australian island.

Lacunae (2)

Cerknica Lacuna Intermittent lake in Slovenia.
Orog Lacuna Intermittent lake in Mongolia.

Lacūs (5)

Enriquillo Lacus Lake in the Dominican Republic.

Gatun Lacus Lake in Panama.
Pielinen Lacus Lake in Finland.

Sarygamysh Lacus Lake in Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan.

Totak Lacus Lake in Norway.

Montes (1)

Luin Montes Name of a mountain range from Middle-earth, the fictional setting in fantasy

novels by J.R.R. Tolkien.

Planitiae (1)

Xuttah Planitia Planet from the Dune series; the ninth planet in the star system Alkalurops,

which provides advanced technology to the Imperium.

<u>Sinūs</u>

Montego Sinus Named for Montego Bay, Jamaica.

**Rhea** (1)

Craters (1)

Okikurumi Ainu (Japan) god of the heavens, who gave the Ainus civilization and taught

them hunting and fishing.

**Pluto (17)** 

Colles (2)

Challenger Colles Second fully operational US Space Shuttle, first launched on April 4, 1983. It

was lost during its tenth launch on January 28, 1986.

Columbia Colles First fully operational US space shuttle, launched first on April 12, 1981, and

lost during re-entry on February 1, 2003.

Craters (2)

Coradini Angioletta; Italian planetary scientist (1946-2011).

Kowal Charles T.; American astronomer and discoverer of 2060 Chiron (1940-2011).

Lineae (6)

Chandrayaan Linea A series of Indian lunar probes, beginning in 2008.

Hiten Linea First Japanese spacecraft to the Moon, 1990.

Luna Linea A series of 24 unmanned Soviet lunar probes launched between 1959 and 1976.

Surveyor Linea A series of seven unmanned U.S. probes to the lunar surface, 1966-1968.

Yutu Linea A series of Chinese lunar probes, beginning in 2013.

Zond Linea A series of eight unmanned Soviet lunar and interplanetary probes, 1964–1970.

Montes (1)

Coleman Mons Elizabeth "Bessie"; early American aviator and the first woman of African-

American and Native American descent to earn a pilot's license (1892-1926).

Planitiae (1)

Rosetta Planitia Rosetta mission, the first mission to orbit and land a spacecraft on a comet.

Regiones (2)

Belton Regio Michael J. S.; British astronomer who in 2002 chaired the first Planetary

Science Decadal Survey, which established NASA's New Frontiers Program, including the New Horizons mission to Pluto and the Kuiper Belt (1934-2018).

Safronov Regio Viktor; Russian astronomer who proposed the planetesimal hypothesis for how

the Solar System formed from a disk of gas and dust around the Sun (1917-

1999).

Rupēs (1)

Ride Rupes Sally; American physicist, astronaut, and first American woman in space (1951-

2012).

Valles (2)

Lemminkäinen Lemminkäinen is a hero of the Finnish national epic The Kalevala. He travels to

Vallis the Underworld to capture the black swan.

Väinämöinen Vallis Väinämöinen is a central character of the Finnish national epic The Kalevala.

He traveled to the Underworld to seek knowledge of the dead.