

International Astronomical Union Union Astronomique Internationale

POST MEETING REPORT

IAU symposium #378: "Black hole winds at all scales"

(i) Final scientific programme, list of invited review speakers and session chairs, to be published in the IAU website:

A copy of the final program is attached at the end of this document.

Gender balance

- female/male/non-specified speakers invited talks: 6 females, 12 males
- female/male/non-specified invited speakers accepted: 3 females, 7 males
- female/male/non-specified speakers contributed talks: 16 females, 33 males

(ii) Summary of the scientific highlights of the meeting (1 page, to be published on the IAU website);

The symposium covered a range of topics related to outflows from black holes. We had a good balance between the physics of the winds, and their impact on their surroundings. We also had interesting discussions about the connection, or lack thereof, between outflows from supermassive black holes at the centers of galaxies, and those from stellar black holes. The multiwavelength aspects were highlighted in both. It was interesting to see that even for specific well-studied sources it is hard to connect the molecular outflow with that of the UV, and the ultrafast sub-relativistic X-ray signatures. A dedicated session on radio emission from these sources made things even more complicated.

In terms of new observations, IR astronomers presented JWST data indicating significant galactic feedback at redshifts above z=6. A discussion commenced on how actually to measure feedback - the impact of outflows on the host galaxy? New insights into the central

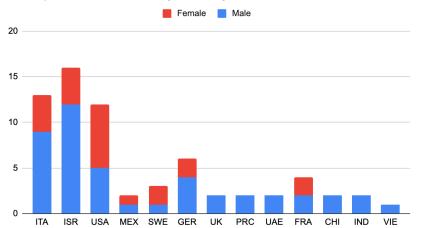
sub-pc regions of active galaxies from GRAVITY were presented. In the mm-band, rich ALMA spectra covering a broad band provided new evidence that even the most obscured sources may host an accretion disk and produce outflows. These are extremely hard to see above the background synchrotron and bright dust emission of these sources. Several new VLBA observations showed that even the radio quiet quasars host a compact (mas) optically thick radio source at their core, while some of them also feature extended optically thin emission that can be associated with an outflow. In the UV with Hubble, broad absorption line systems allowed for quantitative estimates of mass outflow rates indicating that massive outflows in the most luminous quasars carry appreciable mass and energy out to kpc scales in the galaxy. The jury is still out with regard to black hole galactic feedback on the majority of lower luminosity quasars.

On the theoretical ground, a variety of simulations for magnetic and thermally driven winds were presented, some of which attempted to put galactic and stellar black hole winds on an equal footing. Cases from extreme mass accretion rates to advection dominated flows were covered. Topics of radiative driving and radiative transfer in outflows were discussed, a few of which even proposed comparisons with observations. An often overlooked, yet interesting topic was the influence of intermediate black hole systems on their dwarf galaxy hosts.

All in all, it was most gratifying to see researchers from different observational backgrounds and theoretical approaches all participate in the lengthy discussion periods we provided after each session.

(iii) List of participants, including their distribution by country and gender (double bar chart);

A list of participants is in attachment. In the following, a double-bar chart representing the distribution of participants by Country and gender.



Participants Distribution by Country and Gender

(v) An Executive Summary of the Meeting (1-2 pages) to be published on the IAU website.

IAU Symposium 378 convened 70 astrophysicists, both experts and students, to discuss the latest findings on winds from black hole sources. We spent five full days at the Technion campus in Haifa. The exciting and popular topic brought together observers of many different wavebands, which made for a multitude of new data being presented and discussed. There was a good mix of low-energy and high-energy observations, including ground facilities and space observatories. Theoretical aspects of black hole outflows were also a big part of the discussions, and perhaps as expected, many puzzles about these winds remain.

We took a half-day break to take a guided tour of the old city of Akko, a place with an immensely rich history. We learned about the different religions and regimes that ruled the city and the region over the past 2000 years. The trip was insightful and provided a nice getaway from the intense science discussions. We then took advantage of the nice weather during one of the lunch breaks to take the conference photo below in the Technion's amphitheater. A photo of one of our groups from the tour of Akko can be found below it.







Sunday 12.3

08:00	Registration
09:20	Welcome
	Chair: Anna Lia Longinotti
09:40	Marcella Brusa – The multiphase nature of outflows: from the launching region to the host galaxy
10:10	G. Cresci – Bubbles and outflows: the JWST view of the prototypical z=1.6 Quasar XID2028
10:30	COFFEE
11:00	S. Aalto – The cold winds of change – ALMA reveals peculiar, collimated molecular outflows from the most obscured galaxy nuclei.
11:20	Y. Luo – A Multiwavelength View of Black Holes and Outflows in Post-starburst Galaxies
11:40	M. Bianchin – Multiphase gas kinematics as a tracer of AGN-driven outflows across different wavelengths
12:00	Discussion



12:20 LUNCH

Chair: Susanne Aalto

13:30	K. Butler – Atomic and Molecular Gas Outflows in FIR Bright QSOs at High-z
13:50	M. Temple – Testing AGN outflow and accretion models with SDSS quasar demographics
14:10	A. Lattimer – Updated Calculations of the Spectral-Line Radiation Force & Mass-Loss Rates for AGN Outflows
14:30	Steve Kraemer – AGN Feedback at High Spatial Resolution: New Constraints on Dynamics and Efficiency
15:00	COFFEE
15:40	J. Stern – Constraining how quasars drive galaxy-scale winds using emission line spectra
16:00	A. Ogorzalek – A deep, multi-epoch Chandra HETG study of the ionized outflow from NGC 4051
16:20	Discussion
16:40	Poster presentations
17:30	RECEPTION



Monday 13.3

08:00	Registration
	Chair: Gabriele Bruni
09:00	Nahum Arav - Extremely energetic quasar outflows: HST/COS observations in the rest-frame EUV
09:30	H. Choi - Investigating the Physical Properties of Low- redshift FeLoBAL Outflows using SimBAL
09:50	B. Trefoloni - Searching for outflows in X-ray weak quasars
10:10	M. Vivek - AGN outflows and its variability
10:30	COFFEE
11:00	Chiara Feruglio Super massive black hole / host galaxy growth and the onset of strong feedback at $z=6 - 7.5$
11:30	Discussion
11:50	Group Photo

12:20 LUNCH



Chair: Francesca Panessa

13:20	P. Olivier Petrucci - Outflows from Stellar Black Holes vs. those of AGN: similar or not? The Stellar Black Hole point of view
13:50	A. Ratheesh - Polarized X-rays from the accretion disk of 4U 1630-47
14:10	N. Kylafis - The role of outflows in black-hole X-ray binaries
14:30	A. Grichener - Jets in mergers of stellar black holes with cores of giant stars
14:50	N. Keshet - Element abundance measurement and absorption measure distribution for the stellar black hole GRO J1655-40
15:10	COFFEE
15:40	D. Kazanas - MHD Accretion Disk Winds and their Relation to AGN Absorbers
16:10	S. Chakraborty - Unraveling fast non-equatorial disk-wind and high-density disk reflection in MAXI J1348-630
16:30	Discussion



Tuesday 14.3

Chair: Dieter Lutz

- 09:00 C. Harrison Establishing how luminous AGN impact upon galaxy evolution using simulations and multi-wavelength observations
- 09:30 F. Fiore Dynamical complexity in micro-scale disk-wind systems
- 09:50 G. C. Rivera Quasar Feedback and Winds in the Era of Deep Radio Surveys
- 10:10 P. Kukreti Kapteyn Astronomical Institute (University of Groningen), and ASTRON, the Netherlands
- 10:30 **COFFEE**
- 11:00 C. Wethers The peculiar line emission in Compact Obscured Nuclei (CONs)
- 11:20 F. Yuan Wind from black hole hot accretion flows and its feedback effects
- 11:40 Discussion
- 12:00 LUNCH



12:30	TRIP to AKKO
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Wednesday 15.3

Chair: Chiara Feruglio

09:00	H. Netzer - What is the mass outflow rate of ionized neutral and molecular gas in low-z AGN?
09:30	D. Lutz - The sub-parsec structure of AGN with VLTI/GRAVITY
09:50	G. Bruni - BAL winds in quasars at hyper-luminosity regime: results from the WISSH project
10:10	M. Sniegowska - Chemical enrichment of AGN outflows
10:30	COFFEE
11:00	D. Chelouche - On The Fine Tuning and Physical Origin of Line Locked Absorption Systems in Quasars
11:20	C. Yang - 5-12 pc resolution ALMA imaging of gas and dust in the obscured compact nucleus of IRAS 17578-0400
11:40	Discussion



12:20	LUNCH
	Chair: Ari Laor
13:20	Francesca Panessa - Jets and Outflows in the radio regime
13:50	S. Chen - The radio evidence for winds in radio-quiet AGN on the VLBA scales
14:10	L. Ulivi - Outflows and feedback in jetted AGN
14:30	F. Massaro - The most powerful radio sources in the Southern Sky
14:50	A. Horesh - Delayed Radio Flares - A New Phenomenon in Tidal Disruption Events
15:10	COFFEE
15:50	J. Gelfand - Origin of the Radio Emission of Radio Quiet Quasars
16:10	M. Lyutikov - Jump-starting relativistic winds and jets
16:30	Discussion



Thursday 16.3

Chair: Joseph Gelfand

09:00	Claude-Andre Faucher-Giguere - Physics and Observational Diagnostics of Wind Bubbles Driven by Active Galactic Nuclei
09:30	A. Pe'er - Study accretion and ejection using a new GPU-accelerated GRMHD code
09:50	C. Marconcini - Innovative approach to 3D AGN outflow kinematic modelling: accurate determination of outflow physical properties
10:10	N. Akerman - Ram-pressure induced radial inflows of gas to the galaxy centre
10:30	COFFEE
11:00	C. Partmann - Intermediate mass black hole feedback in dwarf galaxy simulations with a resolved ISM and accurate nuclear stellar dynamics
11:20	M. K. Vyas - Photons' scattering in a relativistic outflows with velocity shear: generation of high energy power-law spectra
11:40	Discussion
12:00	Concluding Remarks
12:20	LUNCH



13:20	
13:50	
14:10	
14:30	Evening Tour of Haifa, TBC